## Geometry Worksheet 2 - Coordinates in Space

| Name |        |
|------|--------|
| Date | Period |

| Determine the distance between each segment connecting them.  | pair of points, and                                | determine the coord  | dinates of the midpoint of the  |
|---|--|--|---|
| 1. C(4, -8, 12) and D(7, 20, 18)  | 2. E(3, 7, -1) and                                 | F(5, 7, 2)   | 3. G(2, 2, 2) and H(-25, 4, 18)   |
| Identify each of the following as true  | on false. If the s                                 | tatement is false e  | explain why   |
| 4. Every point on the yz-plane has coordinates (c, y, z) for any real number c.                                   | 5. The point at (1) the sphere $(x-3)^2 + (y-5)^2$ | l, 8, -12) is inside   | 6. The intersection of the xy-<br>plane, the yz-plane, and the xz-<br>plane is the point (0, 0, 0). |
|   |  |  |   |
| 7. The set of points in space 5 unit at $(1, -1, 3)$ can be described by the $(x-1)^2 + (y+1)^2 + (z-3)^2 = 25$ . | •  | 8. The set of points equidistant from $A(2, 5, 8)$ and $B(-3, 4, 7)$ is a line that is the perpendicular bisector of $\overline{AB}$ . |   |
| Determine the coordinates of the cen  | ter and the measure                                | of the radius for a  | each sphere whose equation is given.  |
| 9. $x^2 + (\gamma - 3)^2 + (z + 8)^2 = 81$  |  | 10. $(x-5)^2 + (y+4)^2 + (z-10)^2 = 9$   |   |
| 11. $x^2 + y^2 + (z - 3)^2 = 49$  |  | 12. $(x+4)^2 + (y-2)^2 + (z+12)^2 = 18$  |   |
| Write the equation of the sphere usin   | ng the given informa                               | l<br>tion.   |   |
| 13. The center is at (-5, 11, -3), and the radius is 4.   | 14. The center is it contains the po               | at (-2, 3, -4) and int at (5, -1, -1).   | 15. The diameter has endpoints a (14, -8, 32) and (-12, 10, 12).                                    |
|   |  |  |   |
| 16. It is concentric with the sphere $(x+5)^2 + (y-4)^2 + (z-19)^2 = 9$ , and 6 units.                            |  | 17. It is inscribed in a cube determined by the points at (0, 0, 0), (4, 0, 0), (0, 4, 0), and (4, 4, 4).                              |   |
| 3   |  |  |   |

18. Find the perimeter of a triangle with vertices A(-1, 3, 2), B(0, 2, 4), and C(-2, 0, 3).

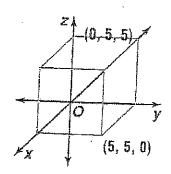
19. Show that  $\triangle ABC$  is an isosceles right triangle if the vertices are A(3, 2, -3), B(5, 8, 6), and C(-3, -5, 3).

20. Consider R(6, 1, 3), S(4, 5, 5), and T(2, 3, 1).

(a) Determine the measures of  $\overline{RS}$ ,  $\overline{ST}$ , and  $\overline{RT}$ .

(b) If  $\overline{RS}, \overline{ST}$ , and  $\overline{RT}$  are sides of a triangle, what type of triangle is  $\Delta RST$ ?

21. Find the surface area and volume of the rectangular prism at the right.



22. Find z if the distance between R(5, 4, -1) and S(3, -2, z) is 7.

## Answers:

1. 
$$CD = \sqrt{829}$$
, midpt=(5.5, 6, 15)

2. EF= 
$$\sqrt{13}$$
, midpt=(4, 7, 0.5)

3.  $GH = \sqrt{989}$ , midpt=(-11.5, 3, 10)

4. false; c must be zero

5. false; the point is outside the sphere

- 6. true
- 7. true
- 8. false; it is a plane containing the  $\bot$  bisector of  $\overline{AB}$

- 9. center(0, 3, -8); r=9
- 10. center(5, -4, 10); r=3
- 11. center(0, 0, 3); r=7
- 12. center(-4, 2, -12);  $r=3\sqrt{2}$

13. 
$$(x+5)^2 + (y-11)^2 + (z+3)^2 = 16$$

14. 
$$(x+2)^2 + (y-3)^2 + (z+4)^2 = 74$$

15. 
$$(x-1)^2 + (y-1)^2 + (z-22)^2 = 350$$

16. 
$$(x+5)^2 + (y-4)^2 + (z-19)^2 = 36$$

10. 
$$(x+5) + (y-4) + (z-19) = 30$$

17. 
$$(x-2)^2 + (y-2)^2 + (z-2)^2 = 4$$

18. perimeter= 
$$\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{11} + 3$$

19. AB = 11 and AC = 11 so 
$$\triangle$$
 is isosceles.  $AB^2 + AC^2 = BC^2$  so  $\triangle$  is a right  $\triangle$ .

$$20.(a)RS = \sqrt{24}$$
,  $ST = \sqrt{24}$ ,  $RT = \sqrt{24}$ 

21. 
$$SA = 150 \text{ u}^2$$
;  $V = 125 \text{ u}^3$ 

22. 
$$z = 2$$
 or  $z = -4$