

Cornell Notes

Name: KEY

Date: _____

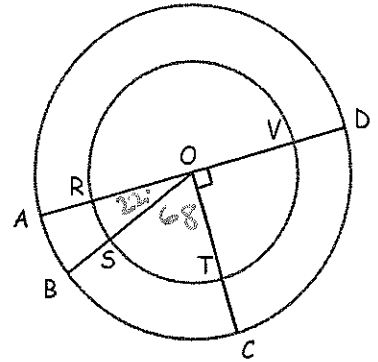
Main Ideas/Questions

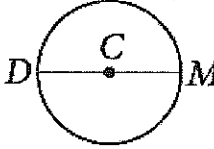
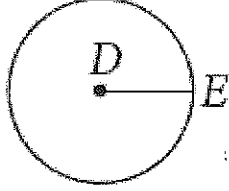
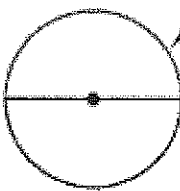
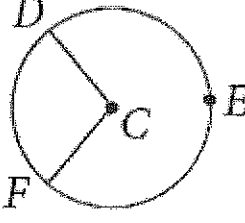
Title of Notes: **All About Circles**

Review:

In the figure below, O is the center of two concentric circles. Segment AD is a diameter, $m\angle AOB = 22$, and $\angle DOC$ is a right angle. Find each measure.

1. \widehat{AD} 180° 2. \widehat{ST} 68°
 3. $m\angle DOS$ 158° 4. \widehat{TVR} 270°
 5. \widehat{CDA} 270° 6. \widehat{BAD} 202°



<p>Diameter of a circle</p>	 <p>\overline{DM} is a diameter of $\odot C$.</p>
<p>Radius of a circle</p>	 <p>\overline{DE} is a radius of $\odot D$.</p>
<p>Semicircle</p> <p>180°</p>	 <p>Semicircle</p>
<p>Major arc</p> <p>$> 180^\circ$</p>	 <p>\widehat{DEF} is a major arc of $\odot C$.</p>

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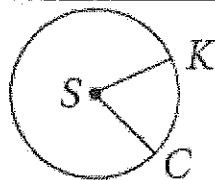
Main Ideas/Questions

Title of Notes: **Cont'd**

More Review:

Minor arc

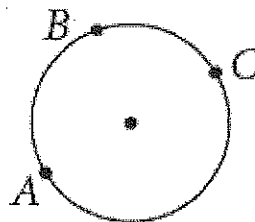
$< 180^\circ$



\widehat{KC} is a minor arc of $\odot S$.

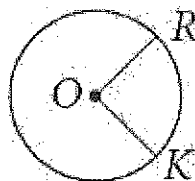
Adjacent Arcs

Arcs that are next to each other, they share a point



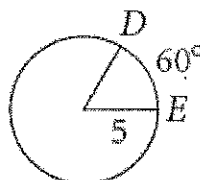
\widehat{AB} and \widehat{BC} are adjacent arcs.

Central Angle



$\angle ROK$ is a central angle of $\odot O$.

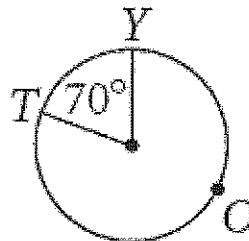
Arc Length



$$\frac{60}{360} = \frac{x}{2\pi(5)}$$

$$\text{Length of } \widehat{DE} = \frac{60}{360} \cdot 2\pi(5) = \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

Measure of an arc



$$m\widehat{TY} = 70$$

$$m\widehat{TOY} = 290$$

Sector of a Circle

